Headquarters U.S. Air Force

Integrity - Service - Excellen ce

Stress Formula Unraveled



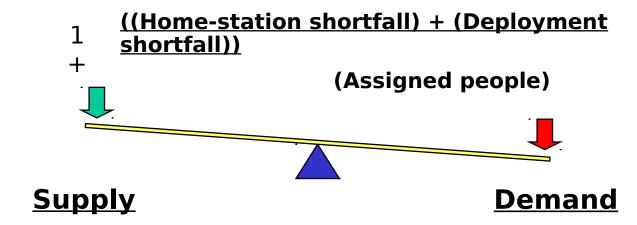
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Stress Formula

- Definition: A <u>career field</u> is stressed when it does not have enough people to do its assigned jobs
- Stress Level =



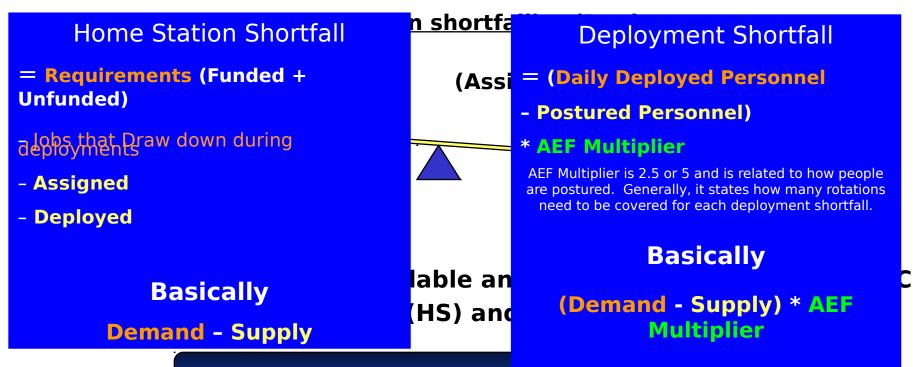
- Supply: Assigned, available and postured personnel by AFSC
- Demand: Home-station (HS) and deployed workload

Objective Way to Measure Stress



Stress Formula

- Definition: A <u>career field</u> is stressed when it does not have enough people to do its assigned jobs
- Stress Level =



Objective Way to Measure Stress



What the Stress Formula Means

- Definition: A <u>career field</u> is stressed when it does not have enough people to do its assigned jobs
 - Stress Level =
 ((Home-station shortfall) + (Deployment shortfall))
 1 (Assigned people)
 +
- A stres**Supplof** 1.0 means that there is no sho**Bemand**
- A stress level greater than 1.0 means that there is a shortfall. The shortfall is expressed as a percentage of assigned personnel (1.2 means that each person at home station is doing the work of 1.2 people)
- A stress level less than 1.0 means that there is a surplus. The surplus is expressed as a percentage of assigned personnel (.8 means that each person at home station, on average, is doing the work of .8 people)



Stress Formula "Drivers"

- Personnel Deployment and Posturing
 - Comparing the number of AD deployed (by AFS) (DEMAND) to the number of AD made available to deploy (AEF **S coded) (SUPPLY).
- Manning
 - Comparing funded manpower requirements (DEMAND) to Duty AFS inventory less deployments (SUPPLY)
 - Goal: 95-100%
- Manpower
 - Comparing funded manpower (authorizations) to manpower requirements

Nanni,



Supply vs Demand: Home-Station Shortfall

- Home-Station Shortfall = Home-Station Demand Home-Station Supply
 - Home-station Demand = (Authorized + Unfunded Requirements) (jobs not required at HS when personnel deploy)
 - Home-station Supply = Assigned Deployed

1C1 (ATC) Example:

- Home-Station Supply:
 - 2273 Assigned *
 - 139 AD Deployed
- Home-Station Demand:
 - 2695 Authorized *
 - 59 Unfunded requirements
 - 0 jobs draw down

* Excludes 3-level authorizations and assigned due to lack of FAA rating

1C1 Example:

Home-station shortfall =
((2695 + 59) - (0*139))
Minus
(2273 - 139)
= 620



Supply vs Demand: Deployed Shortfall

- Deployed Shortfall = Daily Deployed Shortfall * AEF Multiplier
 - Daily Deployed Shortfall = IF (Daily Deployed Demand Daily Deployed Supply) > 0, THEN (Daily Deployed Demand Daily Deployed Supply) * AEF Multiplier, ELSE = 0 Shortfall
 - Daily Deployed Demand = # AD deployed
 - Daily Deployed Supply = AD Postured (**S coded in AEF Library)
 - AEF multiplier = 2.5 or 5 (Minimal # personnel required per body short)

1C1 (ATC) Example:

- Daily Deployed Supply:
 - Postured AD Slots: 235
- Daily Deployed Demand:
 - 139 AD deployed
- AEF Multiplier:
 - **2.5**

1C1 Example:

Daily Deployed shortfall =

139 - 235

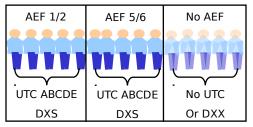
 $= -96 \dots not > 0$

Deployed shortfall = 0

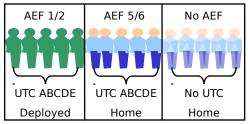


Deployed Shortfall: AEF Multiplier

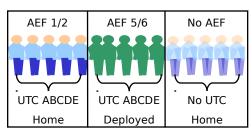
- What is the AEF Multiplier telling me?
 - Each deployed shortfall is a requirement that cannot be met over the entire AEF Cycle: How many AEF rotations do I have to cover?
 - Case 1: AEF Multiplier 2.5



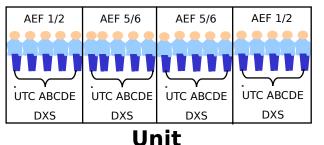
Unit Manning Add

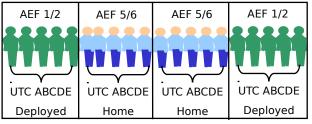


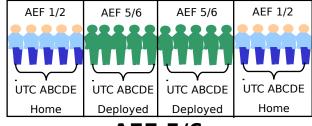
AEF 1/2



AEF 5/6







AEF 1/2

AEF 5/6

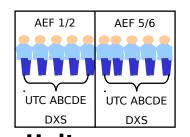
Manning

Each shortfall needs (5 rotations \div 2 rotations covered per extra position) = 2.5 extra positions to cover 5 AEF rotations

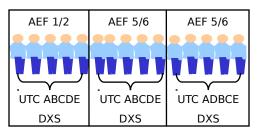


Deployed Shortfall: AEF Multiplier

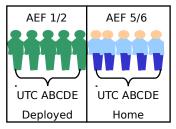
- What is the AEF Multiplier telling me?
 - Each deployed shortfall is a requirement that cannot be met over the entire AEF Cycle: How many AEF rotations do I have to cover?
 - Case 2: AEF Multiplier 5



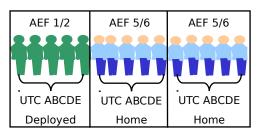




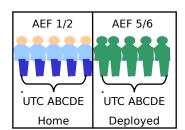
Unit **Manning**



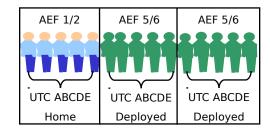
AEF 1/2



AEF 1/2



AEF 5/6



AEF

5/6

Each shortfall needs (5 rotations \div 1 rotation covered per extra position) = 5 extra positions to cover 5 **AEF** rotations



Stress Result

Stress Level =

$$1 + \frac{(620 + 0)}{(2273)} = 1.27$$

- Recent leveling methodology was set to 1.20
 - If > 1.20, then focus efforts to drive down the stress



Example #2



Supply vs Demand: Home-Station Shortfall

- Home-Station Shortfall = Home-Station Demand Home-Station Supply
 - Home-station Demand = (Authorized + Unfunded Requirements) (jobs not required at HS when personnel deploy)
 - Home-station Supply = Assigned Deployed

2A5 (A/C Mx) Example:

- Home-Station Supply:
 - 18925 Assigned
 - 1178 AD Deployed
- Home-Station Demand:
 - 17690 Authorized
 - 231 Unfunded requirements
 - 0.5 jobs draw down

```
2A5 Example:
Home-station shortfall =
((17690+231) - (0.5*1178))
Minus
(18925 - 1178)
= (17921 - 589) - 17747
= - 415
```



Supply vs Demand: Deployed Shortfall

- Deployed Shortfall = Daily Deployed Shortfall * AEF Multiplier
 - Daily Deployed Shortfall = IF (Daily Deployed Demand Daily Deployed Supply) > 0, THEN (Daily Deployed Demand Daily Deployed Supply) * AEF Multiplier, ELSE = 0 Shortfall
 - Daily Deployed Demand = # AD deployed
 - Daily Deployed Supply = AD Postured (**S coded in AEF Library)
 - AEF multiplier = 2.5 or 5 (Minimal # personnel required per body short)

2A5 (A/C Mx) Example:

- Daily Deployed Supply:
 - Postured AD Slots: 922
- Daily Deployed Demand:
 - 1178 AD deployed
- AEF Multiplier:
 - **5**

2A5 Example:

Daily Deployed shortfall =

1178 - 922

= 256 ... > 0

THEN 256 * 5

Deployed shortfall = 1280



Stress Result

Stress Level =

$$1 + \frac{(-415 + 1280)}{1280} = 1.05$$
(18925)

- Recent leveling methodology was set to 1.20
 - If > 1.20, then focus efforts to drive down the stress